# Mental Math: Left-To-Right Subtraction (2-Digit Numbers, with regrouping)

Step	Example	
	86 - 29 =	
Round up the 2 <sup>nd</sup> number to the nearest 10	29 + 1 = 30	
Subtract	86 – 30 = 56	
Add the rounding amount to the answer	For this example, you rounded up by 1 so, 56 + 1 = 57	

### Practice

(Choose the easiest Left-to-Right Subtraction method for the problem)

38	84	92	67	79
<u>-23</u>	<u>-59</u>	<u>-34</u>	<u>-48</u>	<u>-29</u>
63	51	89	125	148
<u>-46</u>	<u>-27</u>	<u>-48</u>	<u>-79</u>	<u>-86</u>

### **Answers to Practice**

38	84	92	67	79
<u>-23</u>	<u>-59</u>	<u>-34</u>	<u>-48</u>	<u>-29</u>
15	25	58	19	50
63	51	89	125	148
<u>-46</u>	<u>-27</u>	<u>-48</u>	<u>-79</u>	<u>-86</u>
17	24	41	46	62

## Game: Subtract & Flip Battle

#### Materials needed:

- Set of Double 9 dominoes
- Coin for Flipping
- Dry erase board/markers/eraser

#### To play:

- Turn all dominoes upside down and mix them.
- Each player draws 2 dominos and treats them as 2-digit numbers.
- Subtract the smaller from the larger using mental math. No fair writing. If answers are the same, both players get a point. For a greater challenge have the players decide for each other which 2-digit number to use for each domino.
- If answers are different, flip the coin to determine whether the higher number or lower number wins. (Heads = Higher, Tails = lower)
- Keep score on the dry erase board.

To win: Player with the most points when all the dominoes have been used is the winner.

Variation: Institute a challenge. If one player thinks the other had added incorrectly, he/she can challenge. If the challenger wins, they get a point. If the original answer was correct, that player gets a point.